



# **Donington Cowley Endowed Primary**

## **School**

### **Marking and Feedback Policy**

## **Rationale**

**Effective marking and feedback is an essential part of teaching and learning. All marking should be *meaningful, manageable, and motivating*. The purpose of making and feedback is to improve pupil progress and outcomes for all pupils.**

## **Aims**

We mark children's work and offer feedback in order to:

- Show children that we value their work and encourage them to do the same
- Boost self-esteem and aspirations through the use of praise and encouragement
- Give a clear general picture of how far they have come in their learning and what the next steps are
- Offer them specific information on the extent to which they have met the lesson objective
- Promote self-assessment, whereby they recognise their difficulties and are encouraged to accept guidance from others
- Share expectations
- Gauge their understanding and identify any misconceptions
- Provide a basis both for summative and for formative assessment and inform individual tracking of progress
- Provide the ongoing assessment that should inform future lesson planning.

## **Principles of Marking and Feedback**

- Feedback can take the form of spoken or written marking, peer marking and self-assessment.
- The process of marking and offering feedback should be a positive one, with pride of place given to recognition of the efforts made by the child. We aim to recognise and encourage children's effort and achievement and celebrate success.
- Comments should be appropriate to the age and ability of the child.
- Comments will focus on only one or two key areas for improvement at any one time.
- Teachers should aim to promote children's self-assessment by linking marking and feedback into a wider process of engaging the child in his or her own learning. This includes sharing the learning objectives and the key expectations for the task right from the outset.
- Whenever possible, marking and feedback should involve the child directly. The younger the child, the more important it is that the feedback is verbal and immediate.
- Written comments should be neat, legible, and written in green ink. Blue ink is also used in Key Stage 1 and Key Stage 2 books to help the children to identify what to do next.
- The marking system should be constructive and 'child-friendly'. The success and improvement model will be used. Specific examples of what is good are included so the children are aware and can repeat these in their next piece of work. Also, important to be included in the blue to do are specific examples of how to improve a sentence / feature.

- For all work, learning objectives will be highlighted to assess pupil understanding-
- L.O. met
- L.O. more work needed to meet
- L.O. Partial met
- Children will respond to blue comment in purple pen
- Feedback may also be given by a teaching assistant, through peer review, through plenaries and in group sessions.
- Errors that were made by many children should not be the subject of individual comments but should be noted in planning. Future planning should be amended accordingly.
- Marking will normally be done before the next lesson in that subject, although this may not always be possible for longer pieces of work.

### **General Advice to Teachers**

- The best marking and feedback is without doubt the dialogue that takes place between teacher and pupils while the task is being completed.
- Marking should move learning forward- next steps should be used to support this
- Sensitivity should always be shown towards children's work and their feelings about it and comments should be positive wherever possible. Developmental comments should be followed by a suggestion or reminder for improvement in the next piece of work.
- Use of a child's name in a written comment personalises it.
- A delicate balance has to be achieved. Children should not receive the impression that things are right when they are not. On the other hand, they should not be discouraged from being adventurous for fear of having faults emphasised.
- The school has explicit guidelines that apply to all pieces of work (eg the date and title must be underlined). At Key Stage 2 all pupils are expected to follow these guidelines and at Key Stage 1 pupils should be working towards them as appropriate.
- In addition to these general rules there are specific rules for specific types of work, for example mathematics. These rules have been taught and may be on display. They make it clear what good quality work in the subject is like.
- The extent of the teacher's response to a piece of work is determined not by the number of errors found in it, but by the teacher's professional judgement. Consideration is given to what a particular child is capable of, what the next learning stages involve and what should now have priority.
- Where pupils interact in the marking process, they will be all the more engaged and receptive to correction.

- Self-marking/evaluation against shared learning intentions/agreed criteria can help empower a child to realise his or her own learning needs and to have control over future targets.
- Where possible, teachers establish direct links between verbal or written praise and the class or school rewards system.

This policy was reviewed **July 2023**

## Appendix 1

### Our School's Marking Code

**Sp** = spelling mistake

**TA** = TA guided

**G**= guided group work

**I** = worked independently

- For all work, learning objectives will be highlighted to assess pupil understanding-

**L.O.** met

**L.O.** more work needed to meet

Green pen is used for general feedback

Next steps are written in blue

Pupils to respond in purple